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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/687,172	10/16/2000	Lawrence J. Andrews	WAB 00266 1113 EXAMINER	
75	90 06/16/2004			
James Ray & Associates			PICKARD, ALISON K	
2640 Pitcairn Road Monroeville, PA 15146			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			3676	*
			DATE MAILED: 06/16/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.



	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/687,172	ANDREWS, LAWRENCE J.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Alison K. Pickard	3676			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
Status					
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final. 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-6,10 and 14-21 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-6,10 and 14-21 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attackmont(s)					
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	4) Interview Summary (Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa				

Paper No(s)/Mail Date _

6) Other: ____.

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

2. Claims 1-6, 10, and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Fiondella (5,337,787).

Fiondella discloses a device for securing a sealing member in a predetermined position comprising a positioning element and retaining element 40. The retaining element is integrally formed as an annulus on a first surface of the positioning element (see Figure 2). The retaining element has a bevel with a first end and second end. The retaining and positioning elements have equal inside diameters. The outside diameter (or the first end of the bevel) of the retaining element is smaller than the positioning element's and a radius is disposed tangent to the first end of the bevel and first surface. The bevel and first surface form a ledge that extends from a lower portion of the bevel to an outer edge of the surface. Fiondella discloses two positioning elements and two retaining elements. A spacer means (plural posts) is integrally provided between the two positioning and retaining elements.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person

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having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. Claim 15 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fiondella.

Fiondella does not disclose that the number of posts is four. Using four posts is considered a design choice. See In re Harza 124 USPQ 378 (CCPA 1960). Further, it is known that a valve cage can have four posts as evidenced by Forster '540. Therefore it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use four posts as a matter of choice in design.

5. Claims 16-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Applicant's Admitted Prior Art in view of Fiondella.

Claims 16-21 are considered Jepson claims because of the phrase "the improvement comprising." Therefore, everything before that phrase is considered admitted prior art. Thus, Applicant has disclosed a known combination of a plurality of spool valve shells with a pressure release valve having a high pressure port, low pressure port, spool valve, check valve, and a reset spool. Applicant has not disclosed spool valve shells comprising two positioning element, two retaining elements, a spacer means, and a sealing member. Fiondella teaches spool valve shells for use with valves, spool and ports. Fiondella teaches a sealing member (o-ring) 36 disposed between two opposing positioning elements of two adjacent valve shells 34. Each shell has two positioning elements, two retaining elements 40 and a spacer means. The retaining and positioning elements have equal inside diameters. The outside diameter of the retaining element is smaller than the positioning element's. Fiondella teaches that the shells/cages provide proper fluid sealing between ports in a valve body (col. 2, lines 56-59). Fiondella teaches that the retaining elements assist in the alignment and proper positioning of the cages and o-rings (col. 3,

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lines 24-40). Therefore, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the shells disclosed by the applicant with the shells taught by Fiondella to provide proper positioning and alignment of the cages and seals to ensure proper fluid sealing.

6. Claim 21 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Applicant's Admitted Prior Art in view of Fiondella as applied to claim 20 above, and further in view of Applicant's admitted prior art (spec. page 1, lines 19-21).

Fiondella discloses a resilient seal, but does not specify the material. Applicant admits that using nitrile material for a seal provides a leak-proof seal. Therefore, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the seal of nitrile to provide a leak-proof seal.

Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments entered 4-12-04 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant's argument that Fiondella does not disclose "a radius" is unpersuasive. First, Applicant has not provided any specific definition of "a radius" in the specification or figures that would distinguish it from that shown in Fiondella. As seen best in Fiondella's figure 2, the portion tangent the intersection of the first surface and first end of the bevel has a radius in that it has a distance from the center of the device 34. Also, this portion continues around the circumference of the device and can be considered a bounded or circumscribed area. A copy of Webster's definition of "radius" is attached. The portion of Fiondella meets these definitions.

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And, since (as stated before) Applicant has not provided an alternate definition, Fiondella meets the claimed limitations as well.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alison K. Pickard whose telephone number is 703-305-0882. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (10-7:30), with alternate Friday's off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Judy Swann can be reached on 703-306-4115. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

> Alison K. Pickard **Primary Examiner**

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one side and exposed to a source of radiant energy; also: an instru-ment for measuring electromagnetic or acoustic radiation — ra-di-omment for measuring electromagnetic or acoustic radiation — 1a determine try \mo-tre\ n ra-dio-metric \ \n^2-de-\overline{o}-metrik \ adj \text{[ISV] (1877)} \ 1 : relating to, using, or measured by a radiometer 2: of or relating to the measurement of geologic time by means of the rate of distinct gration of radioactive elements — ra-dio-met-ri-call-y\-tri-k(a-)le\ adj \text{[ISV] (1947)}: producing effects similar to those of radiation ra-dio-nu-clide \ra-de-\overline{o}-nu-klid, -nyu-\ n \text{(1947)}: a radioactive nuclide

nuclide
ra-di-opaque \,rā-dē-ō-'pāk\ adj (ca. 1923): being opaque to various
forms of radiation (as X rays)
ra-dio-phar-ma-ceu-ti-cal \,rā-dē-ō-fār-mɔ-'sū-ti-kəl\ n (1952): a
radioactive drug used for diagnostic or therapeutic purposes — radiopharmaceutical adj
ra-dio-phone \'rā-dē-ō-fōn\ n (1919): RADIOTELEPHONE
ra-dio-pho-to \,rā-dē-ō-'fō-(,)tō\ n (1929): a picture transmitted by
radio

radio-pro-tec-tive \pro-tek-tiv\ adj (1956). serving to protect, or adio-pro-tec-tive \pro-tek-tiv\ adj (1956). serving to protect, or adio-pro-tec-tion \protection against the injurious effect of radiations (\sigma drugs) — ra-dio-pro-tec-tion \protection facility for aircraft navigation radio-sen-si-tive \protection \protection facility for aircraft navigation radio-sen-si-tive \protection facility for aircraft navigation facility is cancer cells \protection facility for aircraft navigation radio-sen-si-tiv-ity, \sen(1)-so-\protection facility for aircraft navigation fittiv-ity\protection sen-si-tiv-ity\protection facility for aircraft navigation facility for aircraft navigation radio-sen-si-tiv-ity\protection sen-si-tiv-ity\protection facility for aircraft navigation facility fo

radio star n (1948): a cosmic radio source; esp: a point source of

circumscribed area 4:: a radial part 5:: the distance from a center line or point to an axis of rotation radius of curvature (ca. 1753): the reciprocal of the curvature of a

radius of curvature (ca. 1753): the reciprocal of the curvature of a curve radius vector n (ca. 1753). 1. a: the line segment or its length from a fixed point to a variable point b: the linear polar coordinate of a variable point 2: a straight line joining the center of an attracting body (as the sun) with that of a body (as a planet) in orbit around it radix \radix\square\tau\frac{1}{3}\text{cidix}\square\tau\text{n} adix\square\tau\text{n} adix\square\text{n} sale \text{cidix}\square\tau\text{n} adix\square\text{n} sale \text{cidix}\square\text{n} adix\square\text{n} sale \text{cidix}\square\text{n} adix\square\text{n} sale \text{cidix}\square\text{n} adix\square\text{n} sale \text{cidix}\square\text{n} sale\text{cidix}\square\text{n} sale\text{cidix}\squar

rad-waste \'rad-,wast\' n. often attrib [by shortening] (1973): radioac-

raff 'raf' n [ME raf rubbish] (14c): RIFFRAFF
raf-fia \'ra-fe-3\) n [Malagasy rafia] (1882): the fiber of the raffia palm
used esp. for tying plants and making baskets and hats
used esp. for tying plants and making baskets and hats
ruffia) of Madagascar that is valued for the fiber from its leafstalks
ruffia) of Madagascar that is valued for the fiber from its leafstalks
raf-fi-nose \'ra-fa-,nos-,no2\), no [F, fr. raffiner to refine, fr. re- + afraf-fi-nose \'ra-fa-,nos-,no2\), no [F, fr. raffiner (1876): a crystalline
slightly sweet sugar C₁₁H₃₂O₁₆ obtained commercially from cottonseed
meal and present in many plant products

raff-ish \ra-fish\ adj (1801) 1 : mark

engage in a railie, will in usapose of given furthey). The rafte a dice game, fr. Mind stakes can be won in a throw lit, rake for a fire, fr. raffen to snatch, gather (in or a fire, fr. raffen to snatch, gather) (in or prize is won by one of numerous persons by raffle n [prob. fr. Frafle act of snatching strained in the prob. fr. Frafle act of snatching strained in the snatch (2-file-the)-p. rail n [NI., fr. St. Eng. colonial administrator] (1830); any of smily Rafflesiaccae) of Malaysian dicoylection to ther plants and have fleshy issuado sitic in other plants and have fleshy us ers emerging from the host, imbricated

sitic in other plants and have fleshy usual outside its emerging from the host, imbricated scales and stems raft \raft \

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collection
rag doll n (1853): a stuffed usu, painted cloth doll
rage 'rāj', n [Me. fr. OF, fr. LL rabia, fr. L rab
rabere to be mad; akin to Skt. rabhas violence] (Me.
uncontrolled anger b: a fit of violent wrath; ic.
violent action (as of wind or sea) 3: an intens
: a fad pursued with intense enthusiasm (was all
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De TOTE 1900 & C.C. Indice E.V.

: violent action (as of wind or sea) 3: an intense lecting of the control of the ESSIDELE E

rag-pick-er (rag-pi-kər) n (1860): one who concessive for a livelihood rag-tag \tag (ragtag and bobtail) (1882): \text{A substitution of missits} \text{KEMFT 2: MOTLEY 2 \(\alpha \sim \text{bunch of missits} \) ragtag and bobtail \(\pi \left[\text{Tag} + \text{Itag} \right] \) (1820): RABBLE \(\text{RABBLE in the mission of missits} \) ragtime \(\text{rag-time} \) rag-time \(\text{rag-time} \) \(\text{rag-ti

rag-wort \-, wort\ n (14c): any of several senecios. RAGWORT rah \rangle ro\ interj (1870): HURRAH — used esp. to cheer on a remin

in the conduct of take part in a raid of tak

(1851): to conduct or take part in a raid ~ vr: tr.

(1851): to conduct or take part in a raid ~ vr: tr.

(1851): to conduct or take part in a raid at a fast b: a solid segment of corporation (corporate ~ s).

(1852): to conduct or part of corporate ~ solid segment ~ solid segm

(1892): a racing enthusia divisio), bard\ n (1892): a racing enthusia trick rail to watch a race or work out trick rail to watch a passenger car with an

non (n. 1); non on rails Pkär\ n (1834) 1: a railroad car 2: a

A point on a railro

A ('a'(a))-,hed\ n (1896): a point on a railre in the consisting of the consisting o

Inproperty

1 a: to convict with undue
fined y (1877)

1 a: to convict with undue
fine charges or insufficient evidence b: to pu
fine charges or insufficient

2: to transport by
five fine airload company

— rail-road-er n

firm af flat n (1947): an apartment having a

firm af the in line

rigged in line (1870): an apartment having a s rigged in line (1870): construction or operation of the line of the Food-ing n (1870): construction or operation of the property o

(indae) [1] plitter \'rā(ə)l-,spli-tər\ n (1860) : one

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the miny season 3: rainy weather 4: a thing the miny season 3: rainy weather 4: a thing the miny season 3: rainy weather 4: a thing the clouds 3: to fall like rain and the clouds 3: to fall like rain and dogs: the clouds 3: to fall like rain and dogs: the clouds 3: to fall like rain and dogs: the clouds of th